# Osteochondral Autograft Transplant Femoral Condyle Rehabilitation Program

# I. PHASE I - PROTECTION PHASE (WEEKS 0-6)

- Goals: Protection of healing tissue from load and shear forces Decrease pain and effusion Restoration of full passive knee extension Gradual improvement of knee flexion Regaining quadriceps control
  - **Brace:** Locked at 0° during weight-bearing activities Sleep in locked brace for 2-4 weeks
  - Weight-Bearing: Non weight-bearing for 2-4 weeks (physician direction) If large lesion (>5cm2) may need to delay WB up to 4 weeks Toe touch weight-bearing (approx. 20-30 lbs.) weeks 2-4 Partial WB (approx. 25-50% body weight) at week 6

Range of Motion: Immediate motion exercise

Full passive knee extension immediately Initiate CPM day 1 for 8-12 hours/day (0-40°) for 2-3 weeks Progress CPM ROM as tolerated 5-10° per day May continue CPM for 6-8 hours per day for up to 6-8 weeks Patellar and soft tissue mobilization (4-6x day) Passive knee flexion ROM 2-3 times daily Passive knee flexion ROM goal is 90° by 1-2 weeks Passive knee flexion ROM goal is 105-115° by 4 weeks and 120-125° by week 6 Stretch hamstrings, calf, and quadriceps

# Strengthening Program: Ankle pump using rubber tubing

Quad setting Multi-angle isometrics (co-contractions Q/H) Active knee extension 90-40° (if no articulation - no resistance) Straight leg raises (4 directions) Stationary bicycle when ROM allows Biofeedback and electrical muscle stimulation, as needed Isometric leg press at week 4 (multi-angle) May begin use of pool for gait training & exercises week 6

### Functional Activities: Gradual return to daily activities

- If symptoms occur, reduce activities to reduce pain and inflammation Extended standing should be avoided
- Swelling Control: Ice, elevation, compression, and edema modalities as needed to decrease swelling

# II. PHASE II - TRANSITION PHASE (WEEKS 6-12)

**Goals:** Gradually increase ROM & WB to full Gradually improve quadriceps strength/endurance Gradual increase in functional activities

#### Criteria to Progress To Phase II:

Full passive knee extension Knee flexion to 120° Minimal pain and swelling

Brace: Discontinue brace at 6 weeks

Weight-Bearing: Progress weight-bearing as tolerated 75% body weight with crutches at 8 weeks Progress to full weight-bearing at 10-12 weeks May need to delay FWB up to 14 weeks if large lesion Discontinue crutches at 10-12 weeks

Range of Motion: Gradual increase in ROM Maintain full passive knee extension Progress knee flexion to 125-135° Continue patellar mobilization and soft tissue mobilization, as needed Continue stretching program

Strengthening Exercises: Initiate weight shifts week 6-8

Initiate mini-squats 0-45° week 8-10 Closed kinetic chain exercises (leg press) week 8-10 Toe-calf raises week 10-12 Open kinetic chain knee extension, 1 lb./week week 10-12 Stationary bicycle (gradually increase time) Balance and proprioception drills Initiate front and lateral step-ups Continue use of biofeedback and electrical muscle stimulation, as needed Continue use of pool for gait training and exercise May need to delay CKC exercises up to 14 weeks if large lesion

**Functional Activities:** As pain and swelling (symptoms) diminish, the Patient may gradually increase functional activities Gradually increase standing and walking

## III. PHASE III: MATURATION PHASE (WEEKS 12-26)

**Goals:** Improve muscular strength and endurance Increase functional activities

### Criteria to Progress To Phase III:

Full range of motion Acceptable strength level Hamstrings within 10% of contralateral leg Quadriceps within 10-20% of contralateral leg Balance testing within 30% of contralateral leg Able to bike for 30 minutes

Range of Motion: Patient should exhibit 125-135° flexion – no restrictions

Exercise Program: Leg press (0-90°) Bilateral squats (0-60°) Unilateral step-ups progressing from 2" to 8" Forward lunges Begin walking program on treadmill Open kinetic chain knee extension (0-90°) Bicycle Stairmaster Swimming Nordic-Trak/elliptical

Functional Activities: As patient improves, increase walking (distance, cadence, incline, etc.)

#### Maintenance Program: Initiate at week 16-20

Bicycle – Iow resistance Progressive walking program Pool exercises for entire lower extremity Straight leg raises into flexion Leg press Wall squats Hip abduction/adduction Front lunges Stretch quadriceps, hamstrings, gastroc

### IV. PHASE IV - FUNCTIONAL ACTIVITIES PHASE (WEEKS 26-52)

Goals: Gradual return to full unrestricted functional activities

Criteria to Progress to Phase IV: Full non-painful ROM Strength within 90% of contralateral extremity Balance and/or stability within 75% of contralateral extremity No pain, inflammation, or swelling

Exercises: Continue maintenance program progression 3-4x/week Progress resistance as tolerated Emphasis on entire lower extremity strength & flexibility Progress agility and balance drills Impact loading program should be specialized to the patient's demands Progress sport programs depending on patient variables

**Functional Activities:** Patient may return to various sport activities as progression in rehabilitation and cartilage healing allows. Generally, low-impact sports such as skating, rollerblading, and cycling are permitted at about 6-8 months. Higher impact sports such as jogging, running, and aerobics may be performed at 8-10 months. High impact sports such as tennis, basketball, and baseball are allowed at 12-18 months.